

Stimpson Avenue Academy History Curriculum Map – Autumn Term

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Key Concepts	Cultural		Economi	C	Military	Ø	Political		Religious		Social	දේ ම ම ම ම ම
Year 1		Year 2		Ye	ear 3		Year 4		Year 5		Year 6	
	Ge T Ye	•	S	Ye Stone Age (KE1: What do we me a) What does Pre-Hi b) What kind of sour Stone Age? (KE2: What was 'new Age? a) Who were the ear Palaeolithic period b) In what ways did the 4000BC? c) What does the site about this period? (KE3: Which was bett about life in the B c) How is iron made? (J) What were the me of living in the Iron e) What were the diff Bronze Age and the KE4: Would you hav S5BC? a) How do we know S5BC?	e to Iron Age ean by 'chronology'? istory mean? rces tell us about the ' about the New Stone rly humans in the d? things change around e at Skara Brae tell us ? ter, bronze or iron? eplace stone? n from the grave gods ronze Age? ? What was it used for? ost important aspects n Age? fferences between the he Iron Age? e invaded Britain in what Britain was like in s have found Britain ime?	 KE1: How can civilisation of a) When was Greek? b) Who were was where were compared by What was like in a dout what do an about what Greece? e) Can we lead and legend f) What do was achievement g) What did the democracy h) What source museum di achievement KE2: Why was at this time? a) What source museum di achievement KE2: Why was at this time? a) What source museum di achievement KE2: Why was at this time? a) What source museum di achievement KE2: Why was at this time? a) What source museum di achievement KE2: Why was at this time? a) What are the lives of childer to compare the since they was at the since th	Year 4 Ancient Greece we find out about the Ancient Greece? the Golden Age of Ancient the Ancient Greeks and e they? tefacts tell us about what life Ancient Greece? chaeological sites tell us t life was like in Ancient rn anything from Greek myth s? e know about the nts of Alexander the Great? ne Greeks teach us about ? ces should we include in a splay on the life and nts of the Ancient Greeks? Athens able to be so strong ncient Greek warfare like? ened during the Battle of e Greeks win the Battle of the Greeks win the Battle of the Greeks win the Battle of the Similarities between the dren in ancient Greece and day? me of our buildings tell us we view Ancient Greece he Olympic Games changed vere first held in Ancient	KE1: Wh Romans a) Wher Frisian b) Why o come c) What estab come c) What estab KE2: How get on w a) Why w (e.g. L b) Who or the Athels KE3: Wa Viking Bi a) How o Saxon b) What Saxon c) What contri c) How co	Year 5 s Settlement by the Anglo Saxons, Vikings and Scots at happened to Britain when the left? e did the Angles, Saxons, Jutes, ns come from, go, and settle? did the Saxons, Vikings and Scots to Britain? are the key characteristics of the ns and Vikings? challenges did they face in lishing a settlement? weel did the Saxons and Vikings vith each other? were Viking raids so successful? Lindisfarne) was more successful – the Vikings e Saxons? Why? (Alfred, Danelaw, stan) s life better in Anglo-Saxon or ritain? different were the lives of the ns and Vikings? role did religion play in the life of a n and Viking? roles did different people take n society? that did the Anglo Saxons and eave behind? far can we trust surviving evidences the Saxons and Vikings? did the Saxons and Vikings ibute to life at sea? does the Anglo-Saxon judicial m compare to the system we have	KE1: The B about Wor a) How sig b) World W c) What wa on peop d) How we what it w e) Evacuee all we ne World W f) New op was the women g) What di all men h) When w live? How KE2: Cause Study a) What ha end of V b) How has children c) How do War 2 al KE3: Local locality cor century? a) Northan considered b) Milton K	Year 6 Conflict Conflict litz: all we need to ld War II? hificant was the E Var II: whose war as the impact of W le in our locality? Il does a fictional was like to be an of experiences in B eed to know about Var II? bortunities? How impact of World of men do in World have to fight? as the most dang w different was to s of Conflict – Lo uppened to childr Vorld War 2? the war in Syria ? children's lives d ind the war in Syria an important fig feynes- Why is Wat an important fig feynes- What imp ark and Ultra hav	o know Slitz? P World War II story tell us evacuee? ritain: is this ut children in significant War II on d War II? Did gerous time to he Blitz? ngitudinal en after the impacted uring World a compare? ow did my n the 20 th source of the story? wact did
C E M P R S			-	C E M	P R S	Greece for I C E		С	E M P R S	C E	M P	R S
				_	leserves to be			~ _			1 1 .	





Stimpson Avenue Academy History Curriculum Map – Spring Term





Stimpson Avenue Academy History Curriculum Map – Summer Term

Key Concepts	Cultural Economic	Military	Ditical Political	🖀 Religious 🐠	Social
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Natural History – Charles Darwin and Mary	Explorers – Ibn Battuta	Ancient Egypt (Ancient Civilisations)	The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	The Maya	
		 Ancient Egypt (Ancient Civilisations) KE1: How did the civilization of Egypt wax and wane? a) Who were the Ancient Egyptians? b) Who built the Great Pyramid at Giza? c) Who were the Ancient Egyptian Pharaohs? d) Why do we remember Ramesses II? e) What did Akhenaten do that made him so hated? f) Who was Cleopatra and how is she remembered? KE2: How different were beliefs in Ancient Egypt different from today? a) How did religion affect life in Ancient Egypt? b) Who were the Egyptian gods? c) What religious festivals were there in Ancient Egypt? How did the Egyptians Celebrate them? 		 The Maya KE1: Why should we study the Maya? a) Where and when was the Maya civilization? b) How did the Maya live? How did their environment influence their lifestyle? c) What was Maya writing like and how does this compare to our writing today? d) What were some of the Maya's greatest achievements? (Telling the time/Number system/advances in mathematics/Calendar/Architecture) e) What was trade like during the Maya period? f) What were the religious beliefs of the Maya? <i>How does this compare to other civilizations we have looked at?</i> g) What is the cultural significance of the Maya ball game and how does it compare to modern day 	Geography is Taught in Year 6 in the Summer Term This unit is taught in maths lessons in t Summer Term Numbers Through Time - Longitudinal Stud KE1: How important have numbers been on
E M P R S alty – Elizabeth I and Elizabeth II What might Queen Elizabeth I have looked ike?	End of unit write- Is being an explorer a worthwhile career? C E M P R S The British Seaside KE 1: Why were seaside holidays popular? a) When do we go on holiday? b) Was it affordable for everyone to go on holiday in the past? c) How did people travel to seaside locations? d) Why did people believe that seaside holidays were good for you? KE 2: How do we know what holidays were like in the past? a) What can we learn from the photographs? b) How did people dress to go to the seaside? c) What activities did people do at the seaside? d) Can you see things that remind you of your holidays in the photographs? KE3: Do we go to the seaside for the same reasons as people in the past? a) Why do we go on holiday? b) What the advantages of going on holiday instead of staying at home? KE 4: How have seaside holidays changed? End of unite write- Do you like the earlier seaside holidays, or do you prefer holidays now?	 time of the Ancient Egyptians? b) What would the ancient civilisations need to have in order to function as a city? c) How did the civilisation of Egypt end? 			 a) What can evidence suggest about how a prehistoric people counted? b) How did ancient civilisations use number c) What contribution did the Ancient Greek Make? d) How did people in the past count large n quickly? e) When and Why did the number Zero cor about? f) Why were we still using Roman Numeral Britain until the 12th century? g) What impact did numbers have upon the Renaissance? h) What was the biggest influence of numb the 20th century? KE2: How can numbers reveal and reflect cl in our lives? a) What are statistics and how are they rec and presented? b) When were statistics relating to people i first recorded and what kinds of statistic recorded? What can they tell us about lift time? c) What is a Census? d) How are statistics used by historians?





Stimpson Avenue Academy History Curriculum Map - Skills

		EYFS				KS1					
	Chronological Knowledge and Understanding	 Use everyday language related to time Order and sequence familiar events Describe main story settings, events and principal characters. Talk about past and present events in their own lives and in lives of family members 	 Develop an awareness of the past Use common words and phrases relating to the passing of time Know where all people/events studied fit into a chronological framework Identify similarities / differences between periods 							 Continue to de Establish clear Note 	
Answer 'how' and 'why' questions in response to			 Ask and answer questions Understand some ways we find out about the past Choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show understanding (of second order concepts below) 						 Regularly addi Understand he sources Construct info Selecting and org 		
	Historical terms	exploring meaning and sounds of new words		Use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms						Develop the a	
HISTORICAL TERMS			Historical Te	rms to Encou	untered Throu	ighout the K	S1/2 Curricul	um →			1
			Civilisation	Conflict	Democracy	Empire	Exploration	Government	Migration	Monarchy	Peas
Inte	rpretation of History		 Identify different ways in which the past is represented 					Understand the reasons for the reasons fo			
					portant e.g. In a simple historical account in which the past is represented					 Identify histor Understand the reasons for the reaso	
oncepts	Similarity / Difference (within a period/situation) • Know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions			Make simple observations about different types of people, events, beliefs within a society						• Describ wider v	
Second Order Concepts	Continuity and Change (in and between periods)	 Look closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change Develop understanding of growth, decay and changes over time 	Identify similarities/differences between ways of life at different times					• Describ within			
	Cause and consequence	 Identify different ways in which the past is represented 	Recognise why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result						Identify and g changes		
			Every	y child de	eserves to	be the	best they	/ can be		•	

			East Midlar Academy Tr					
	K	۲ <u>۲</u>						
KS2 o develop chronologically secure knowledge of history ear narratives within and across periods studied ote connections, contrasts and trends over time								
	ddress and sometimes devise historically valid questions I how knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of							
	nformed responses by organising relevant historical information							
e approp	riate use of h	istorical term	IS					
easantry	Poverty	Religion	Science and Technology	Taxation				
d that diff • this	d that different versions of the past may exist, giving some this							
torically significant people and events in situations I that different versions of the past may exist, giving some this								
cial, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain and the								
ake links between main events, situations and changes across different periods/societies								
d give rea	sons for, resu	ılts of, histori	cal events, si	tuations,				